

# CueScript Wireless Hand Controller

## Operating Instructions



### 1 Pairing

1. Ensure the wireless transmitter unit is switched off.
2. Fit a PP3 (9V) battery to the transmitter.
3. Connect the wireless receiver to the PC via a USB cable.
4. Connect a 12V dc power supply to the wireless receiver.
5. Press the "pair" button on the wireless receiver. The "err" led on the wireless receiver will flash at approximately 1Hz.
6. Within 15 seconds, switch on the transmitter using the toggle switch.
7. The "rx and "tx" leds on the receiver will flash briefly. This indicates that the transmitter and receiver are now paired. If you do not switch on the transmitter within 15 seconds, the receiver "err" led will stop flashing, in which case you should press the "pair" button again.
8. If you already have a script open in Cuelt, you will notice the following



bugs:

- a) When the receiver is first connected and powered, the script will scroll forwards. This stop when the "pair" light is pressed.
- b) ) When the transmitter is switched and the pairing is achieved, the script will scroll forwards again. This stops the first time that the fader is moved.

Both of these bugs are one-time only. In other words, they have no effect on normal operation. They will be fixed in a firmware update.

## 2 Unpairing

To unpair a transmitter, hold down the "pair" button on the receiver until its "err" led starts to flash. You are now free to pair the receiver with another transmitter (remembering to switch off the original transmitter first!).

## 3 Operation

1. To scroll forwards, move the fader towards the front (led end) of the transmitter. There is a centre detent; move the fader back past this point to scroll in the reverse direction.
2. The three buttons on the transmitter have the following functions:
  - "top" - returns to top of running order
  - "next" - moves cue point to header of next story
  - "prev" - moves cue point to header of previous story.

## 4 Other indicators

1. Both units have "tx" and "rx" leds. This show when data and response are being exchanged between the two units. You will notice that, in normal operation, the "tx" led on the transmitter and the "rx" led on the receiver flash briefly every 30 seconds or so. This indicates that the radio link is up.



2. Any operation of the fader or the transmitter switches will cause the "tx" and "rx" leds to flash rapidly , showing that an exchange is taking place.
3. There is a rare condition that occurs when the fader is in certain positions. In this condition, the "tx" and "rx" leds will continue to flash rapidly after fader operation has ceased. This is of no consequence and will usually stop once the fader is moved again.